



Easy access
to healthcare
FSA funds!



COMMON ELIGIBLE EXPENSES

Healthcare FSA

- Copays, deductibles and coinsurance for medical, dental and vision plans
- Prescriptions
- Eyeglasses
- Contacts
- First aid supplies
- Smoking cessation products (prescription only)
- Braces
- Laser eye surgery
- Chiropractic care
- And much more!

Dependent Care FSA

- Daycare
- Before-/after-school care
- Summer day camp

Note: Over-the-counter medications (except insulin) are NOT eligible for reimbursement unless the medication is prescribed and filled at a pharmacy. Eligible expenses are subject to change based on IRS guidance.



FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNTS

Save Money on Healthcare and Dependent Care

Use pre-tax money to save on:

- Medical
- Prescriptions
- Dental
- Vision
- Daycare

How do I use my FSA?

WHEN YOU ENROLL IN A HEALTHCARE FSA, YOU WILL AUTOMATICALLY RECEIVE A SPENDING ACCOUNT CARD.

The Spending Account Card:

- Is used to pay for eligible healthcare purchases directly from your FSA
- Reduces the number of reimbursement claims to file
- Gives you immediate access to healthcare FSA funds

Note: The Spending Account Card is not available for dependent care FSAs. For dependent care FSA claims, pay for an eligible expense out of your pocket, fax, mail or submit online a reimbursement request along with a receipt for the expense to ADP. ADP then processes your request and promptly reimburses you through direct deposit or by check.

All FSA participants will have access to a secure website to view account information.

Where can I learn more?

Visit www.SpendingAccounts.info for additional information about flexible spending accounts, including a list of eligible expenses and an interactive contribution and tax-savings calculator. You can also call **1-800-228-5762** to speak with an FSA specialist.



This brochure provides a general overview of ADP's FSA program and is not inclusive, nor a guarantee of eligibility or payment. Please see your company's plan documents for specifics regarding your plan. If any conflict arises between this brochure and your plan documents, the terms of your company's plan will apply. ©2012

What is a Flexible Spending Account (FSA)?

- An employee benefit that saves you money on eligible healthcare and daycare expenses for you and your family.
- An account where you contribute money from your paycheck BEFORE taxes, incur eligible expenses and get reimbursed.
- A great way to **LOWER YOUR TAXES** and **SAVE MONEY!**

THERE ARE TWO TYPES OF FSAs:

- The **Healthcare FSA** is used to pay for eligible out-of-pocket medical expenses not covered by insurance.
- The **Dependent Care FSA** is used to pay for eligible child or elder care expenses including daycare, before-/after-school care and summer day camp.

How will an FSA save me money?

You pay less in taxes. Here's an example:

Annual Savings*	With FSA	Without FSA
Annual pay	\$50,000	\$50,000
FSA pre-tax contribution	(\$2,000)	\$0
Taxable income	\$48,000	\$50,000
Federal income and Social Security taxes	(\$10,837)	(\$11,450)
After-tax dollars spent on eligible expenses	\$0	(\$2,000)
Real spendable income	\$37,163	\$36,550
Savings with an FSA	\$613	

* Sample 2012 tax savings for a single taxpayer with no dependents. Actual savings will vary based on your individual tax situation. Please consult a tax professional for more information.

Should I enroll?

If any of the following apply to you or eligible family members, enrolling in an FSA can save you money:

HEALTHCARE

- Have copays, deductibles or coinsurance for medical, dental or vision plans
- Purchase prescription medications
- Wear glasses or contacts or plan on having laser eye surgery
- Receive orthodontia treatments, such as braces

Note: Over-the-counter medications (except insulin) are NOT eligible for reimbursement unless the medication is prescribed and filled at a pharmacy.

DEPENDENT CARE

- You and your spouse (if married) are working, looking for work or attend school full-time
- You have children under age 13 who attend daycare, before-/after-school care or summer day camp
- You provide care for a person of any age whom you claim as a dependent on your federal income tax return, and who is mentally or physically incapable of caring for himself or herself

Check your employer's benefit plan documents for details.



How much should I contribute to my FSA?

That's up to you. Contributions are unique to your healthcare and dependent care situation. Look at what you typically spend each year on out-of-pocket healthcare and daycare. Use the FSA contribution calculator at www.SpendingAccounts.info to estimate the amount that's right for you. Annual contributions are subject to plan limits set by your employer.

Note: Healthcare FSA contributions are limited to \$2,500 per year.

“Each year I contribute \$2,000 to my healthcare FSA to pay for doctor copays, prescriptions and contacts. By using pre-tax money for these expenses, I'm saving over \$600 a year. I can't wait to enroll again this year.”
– Kent R. FSA participant

Note: Plan carefully when determining your contribution amount. Because FSAs have tax benefits, the IRS places guidelines on them. Any money left in your account at the end of the plan year cannot be rolled over to the next year or paid out to you. (The IRS allows an extension of up to 2½ months into the following plan year to help you spend your healthcare FSA funds. Check with your employer to see if this extension is available to you.)

How do I enroll?

Enroll in an FSA during your employer's annual benefits enrollment period. Once you have determined your annual FSA election, your employer deducts the amount from your pay in equal amounts throughout the year, before taxes.

Note: Even if you enrolled last year, you must enroll again this year.